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## 學習資料

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**Exam** : **1Z0-543**

**Title** : Oracle Application  
Integration Architecture 11g  
Essentials

**Version** : Demo

1.What is the purpose of harvesting?

- A. to parse the implementation artifacts and persist their metadata to the AIA backend
- B. to source control the implementation artifacts
- C. to test the implementation
- D. to collect the produced artifacts and store them

**Answer:** A

2.Which statement is true about the AIAConfigurationProperties.xml file.?

- A. All the service-level configuration properties are stored within the module-level properties.
- B. All the module-level configuration properties are stored within the service-level properties.
- C. All the module-level configuration properties are stored within the system-level properties.
- D. All the service-level configuration properties are stored within the system-level properties

**Answer:** C

3.How do you jump start standards-compliant service deployment?

- A. By using AIA code generator tool to create a skeleton of ABCS
- B. By creating ABCS manually and by executing PIP Auditor to check compliance
- C. By enforcing sticker qa checks
- D. By manual code walkthrough

**Answer:** A

4.For upgrades, knowing what custom mappings have been done can be very useful for customers to identify whether the upgrade will cause any functional issues. How will you identify the functional issues?

- A. XMAN (mapping compliance reports) reports in the CSV can be analyzed to find duplicate EBM mappings that also contain extended records.
- B. XMAN (mapping compliance reports) CSV reports can be analyzed to find the ABCS name that has changed.
- C. PIP Auditor reports can be analyzed to figure out the compliance of upgraded PIP.
- D. EOL2CSV reports can be analyzed to find the correct ABCS for specific business flow.

**Answer:** B

5.Which two statements are true for a requester ABCS?

- A. It receives the ABM as pay load and optionally returns the ABM as the response.
- B. It cannot have additional interactions with the requester application to enrich the ABM.
- C. It is supplied by the provider application to interface with an EBS.
- D. It enables the participating application to invoke an EBS either to access data or to perform transactional task.

**Answer:** A,D

6.Which two statements are true about Enterprise Business Flow (EBF) in context of Oracle AIA?

- A. The EBF will have no activity that needs human-to-human interaction.
- B. The EBF will involve only human-to-human or service-to-service Interaction.
- C. The EBF will involve only system-to-system or service-to-service Interaction.
- D. The EBF will involve only system-to-system or human-to-human interaction.

**Answer:** A,C

7.Which one best defines where an EBO is defined?

- A. WSDL document
- B. XSD document
- C. Java source file
- D. .cfg configuration file

**Answer:** B

8.On your project, you are ready to generate a Deployment Plan. What three parameter values will you need to be ready for?

- A. BOM file location as output file
- B. BOM file location as input file
- C. Deployment Plan file location as Input file
- D. Deployment Plan file location as output file
- E. Harvester Settings file location as output file

**Answer:** B,D,E

9.What should you define for an EBS before you begin implementing its operations?

- A. contract
- B. .cfg file
- C. XSD
- D. cross-reference

**Answer:** A

10.In which two ways is an EBF similar to an EBS?

- A. They operate only on EBMs.
- B. They are external application-independent.
- C. They are developed at the same time in the life cycle.
- D. Both are modeled to implement only a single operation.

**Answer:** B,C